Appl. No.

10/719,619

Filed

November 20, 2003

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1-33 (Cancelled)

34. (Previously presented): A method of enhancing a production of antibodies specific for a viral antigen comprising:

identifying a subject in need of an enhanced production of antibodies specific for a viral antigen; and

providing to said subject an immunogenic composition comprising a viral antigen and ribavirin.

- 35. (Previously presented): The method of Claim 34, wherein the amount of ribavirin is at least 0.25mg.
- 36. (Previously presented): The method of Claim 34, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 0.25mg and 100mg.
- 37. (Previously presented): The method of Claim 34, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 0.25mg and 25mg.
- 38. (Previously presented): The method of Claim 34, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 0.25mg and 1mg.
- 39. (Previously presented): The method of Claim 34, wherein the amount of ribavirin is at least 0.1mg ribavirin per kg body weight of a subject receiving said composition.
- 40. (Previously presented): The method of Claim 34, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 0.1mg ribavirin to about 1.0 mg ribavirin per kg body weight of a subject receiving said composition.
- 41. (Previously presented): The method of Claim 34, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 1.1mg ribavirin to about 2.0 mg ribavirin per kg body weight of a subject receiving said composition.
- 42. (Previously presented): The method of Claim 34, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 2.1mg ribavirin to about 3.0mg ribavirin per kg body weight of a subject receiving said composition.
- 43. (Previously presented): The method of Claim 34, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 3.1mg ribavirin to about 4.0mg ribavirin per kg body weight of a subject receiving said composition.

Appl. No. : 10/719,619

Filed: November 20, 2003

44. (Previously presented): The method of Claim 34, wherein said antigen is obtained from a virus selected from the group consisting of hepatitis A virus, hepatitis B virus, and hepatitis C virus.

- 45. (Previously presented): The method of Claim 34, wherein said antigen is obtained from hepatitis C virus.
- 46. (Previously presented): A method of enhancing a production of antibodies specific for a viral antigen comprising:

providing an immunogenic composition comprising a viral antigen and ribavirin to a subject; and

measuring the production of antibodies specific for said viral antigen.

- 47. (Previously presented): The method of Claim 46, wherein said measuring comprises measuring a reduction of viral load.
 - 48. (Previously presented): A method of treating or preventing a disease comprising: identifying a subject in need of treatment or prevention of a disease; and co-administering to said subject a composition comprising an antigen and a composition comprising ribavirin.
- 49. (Previously presented): The method of Claim 48, wherein the antigen and ribavirin are administered in a single composition.
- 50. (Previously presented): The method of Claim 48, wherein the disease is selected from the group consisting of the disease caused by hepatitis A virus, the disease caused by hepatitis B virus, and the disease caused by hepatitis C virus.
- 51. (New): A method of increasing the titer of viral antigen-specific IgG antibodies in a subject in need thereof comprising:

identifying a subject in need of an increase in titer of IgG antibodies that are specific for a viral antigen; and

providing said subject an immunogenic composition comprising ribavirin and said viral antigen.

- 52. (New): The method of Claim 51, wherein said viral antigen is a hepatitis antigen.
- 53. (New): The method of Claim 52, wherein said hepatitis antigen is an antigen from hepatitis A virus, hepatitis B virus, or hepatitis C virus.

Appl. No.

10/719,619

:

:

Filed

November 20, 2003

- 54. (New): The method of Claim 53, wherein said viral antigen is a hepatitis C virus antigen.
 - 55. (New): The method of Claim 54, wherein said viral antigen is an NS3 antigen.
 - 56. (New): The method of Claim 54, wherein said viral antigen is an NS4A antigen.
- 57. (New): The method of Claim 51, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 0.25mg and 100mg.
- 58. (New): The method of Claim 51, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 0.25mg and 25mg.
- 59. (New): The method of Claim 51, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 0.25mg and 1mg.
- 60. (New): The method of Claim 51, wherein the amount of ribavirin is at least 0.1mg ribavirin per kg body weight of a subject receiving said composition.
- 61. (New): The method of Claim 51, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 0.1mg ribavirin to about 1.0 mg ribavirin per kg body weight of a subject receiving said composition.
- 62. (New): The method of Claim 51, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 1.1mg ribavirin to about 2.0 mg ribavirin per kg body weight of a subject receiving said composition.
- 63. (New): The method of Claim 51, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 2.1mg ribavirin to about 3.0mg ribavirin per kg body weight of a subject receiving said composition.
- 64. (New): The method of Claim 51, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 3.1mg ribavirin to about 4.0mg ribavirin per kg body weight of a subject receiving said composition.
- 65. (New): The method of Claim 51, wherein the amount of ribavirin is at least 0.25mg.
- 66. (New): A method of enhancing a T cell response to a viral antigen in a subject in need thereof comprising:

identifying a subject in need of an improvement in a T cell response to a viral antigen; and

Appl. No.

: 10/719,619

Filed

November 20, 2003

providing said subject an immunogenic composition comprising ribavirin and said viral antigen.

- 67. (New): The method of Claim 66, wherein said viral antigen is a hepatitis antigen.
- 68. (New): The method of Claim 67, wherein said hepatitis antigen is an antigen from hepatitis A virus, hepatitis B virus, or hepatitis C virus.
- 69. (New): The method of Claim 68, wherein said viral antigen is a hepatitis C virus antigen.
 - 70. (New): The method of Claim 69, wherein said viral antigen is an NS3 antigen.
 - 71. (New): The method of Claim 69, wherein said viral antigen is an NS4A antigen.
- 72. (New): The method of Claim 66, wherein the amount of ribavirin is at least 0.25mg.
- 73. (New): The method of Claim 66, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 0.25mg and 100mg.
- 74. (New): The method of Claim 66, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 0.25mg and 25mg.
- 75. (New): The method of Claim 66, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 0.25mg and 1mg.
- 76. (New): The method of Claim 66, wherein the amount of ribavirin is at least 0.1mg ribavirin per kg body weight of a subject receiving said composition.
- 77. (New): The method of Claim 66, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 0.1mg ribavirin to about 1.0 mg ribavirin per kg body weight of a subject receiving said composition.
- 78. (New): The method of Claim 66, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 1.1mg ribavirin to about 2.0 mg ribavirin per kg body weight of a subject receiving said composition.
- 79. (New): The method of Claim 66, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 2.1mg ribavirin to about 3.0mg ribavirin per kg body weight of a subject receiving said composition.
- 80. (New): The method of Claim 66, wherein the amount of ribavirin is between about 3.1mg ribavirin to about 4.0mg ribavirin per kg body weight of a subject receiving said composition.